Care of Students with Diabetes

The School shall ensure that each Student with diabetes enrolled in the School receives appropriate care in accordance with orders signed by the Student's treating practitioner. Appropriate care may include any of the following:

- 1. Checking and recording, or assisting the Student with checking and recording, Student's blood glucose levels and ketone levels;
- 2. Responding to blood glucose levels that are outside of the Student's target range;
- 3. Administering glucagon and/or other emergency treatments, as prescribed, in the event that Student experiences severe hypoglycemia;
- 4. Administering, or assisting the Student in self-administering, insulin through whatever insulin delivery method the Student uses;
- 5. Providing oral diabetes medications as needed and prescribed;
- 6. Understanding recommended schedules and food intake for meals and snacks so that dosages may be calculated pursuant to the orders of the Student's treating practitioner;
- 7. Following any instructions regarding meals, snacks and physical activity provided by the Student's treating practitioner; and
- 8. Administering diabetes medication by the School nurse or by a School employee trained in diabetes care.

Diabetes medication shall be kept in a location that is easily accessible.

No Student shall be restricted from attending the School on the basis that the Student has diabetes, that the School does not employ a full-time school nurse, or that the School does not have an employee trained in diabetes care. Parents of a Student with diabetes shall not be required or otherwise pressured to provide diabetes care at the School or during School-related activities.

Parental Notice of Rights under Section 504

The Principal or his/her designee shall inform the Student's Parent that the Student may be entitled to a Section 504 plan regarding the Student's diabetes no later than fourteen (14) days after receiving an order signed by a Student's treating practitioner indicating that a Student has diabetes.

Once notice has been given to the Parent, the School shall comply with all other policies and procedures for the development of a Section 504 plan as if the Student was any other Student with a qualifying disability.

School Administration of Diabetes Medication

Diabetes medication prescribed for a Student may be administered so long as all of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The Principal or his/her designee has a signed, written request from the Parent that the diabetes medication is to be administered, which includes a promise to submit any changes to the prescription;
- 2. The Principal or his/her designee receives a statement, signed by the prescriber of the medication that includes:
 - a. the name and address of the Student,
 - b. identifies the School and class in which the Student is enrolled,
 - c. states the name and dosage of the diabetes medication and the times or intervals at which the medication is to be administered,
 - d. the date administration of the diabetes medication should begin and end,
 - e. any severe adverse reactions that should be reported to the prescriber and one or more
 phone numbers at which the prescriber can be reached in the event of an emergency,
 and
 - f. any other special instructions for administration of the diabetes medication, including sterile conditions and storage; and
- 3. The Parent provides the diabetes medication in the original container in which it was dispensed by the prescriber or a licensed pharmacist and the container indicates that the Student is the proper recipient of any dosage of the medication.

Student Self-Administration of Diabetes Medication

On the written request of the Student's Parent or treating practitioner, the School shall permit a Student to provide for his/her own diabetes care in accordance with the orders of the Student's treating practitioner during regular school hours and School-sponsored activities in his/her classroom, in any area of the School or school grounds, and at any school-related activity. At the request of the Student or his/her Parent, the School shall provide the Student with access to a private area for performing diabetes care tasks.

The Student shall be permitted to possess on his/her person all necessary supplies and equipment to perform such tasks at all times. If the Principal or his/her designee determines that the Student has performed any diabetes care tasks or used medical equipment for purposes other than the Student's own care, the Board or its designee may revoke the Student's permission to provide for his/her own care.

Training

The Board may approve training that complies with the nationally recognized guidelines adopted by the Ohio Department of Education in order to instruct employees of the School who wish to be able to attend to Students with diabetes. Participation in training is voluntary. Training shall be coordinated by the School's nurse, or if the School does not employ a nurse, by a licensed health care professional with expertise in diabetes. Upon completion of the training, the

Principal or his/her designee shall have the discretion to determine which employees are competent to provide diabetes care to Students.

Training shall take place prior to the beginning of each school year or as needed but not later than fourteen (14) days after the School receives an order signed a treating practitioner indicating that a Student has diabetes.

The Principal or his/her designee may distribute written notice to each employee of the School in search of employees to be trained. The notice must contain a description of the tasks to be performed, that training will be provided by a licensed health care professional, and the method of indicating interest in participating in such training. Any notice must state that participation in training is voluntary, that the employee will not be adversely affected should he/she choose not to participate in training, and that a trained employee will be immune from liability for their actions in providing for the care of a Student with diabetes.

The Board may approve training in the recognition of hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia and emergency response procedures for any School employee who has the primary responsibility of supervising a Student with diabetes during some portion of the school day or to any bus driver that the School employs or contracts with who is responsible for providing transportation to a Student with diabetes.

The Board shall not discourage employees from agreeing to provide diabetes care nor will employee be subject to a penalty or discipline for refusing to volunteer to be trained in diabetes care or for providing care or performing duties required to provide care for a Student with diabetes.

Reporting

The Board shall report to the Department of Education by December 31 of each year: (1) the number of Students with diabetes enrolled in the School during the previous school year, and (2) the number of errors in the administration of diabetes medication to Students with diabetes during the previous school year.

Immunity

Neither the School nor any member of the Board or employee of the School shall be held liable in damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly arising from providing care or performing duties pursuant to R.C. 3313.7112, unless the act or omission constitutes willful or wanton conduct. Nothing in R.C. 3313.7112 serves to eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that a School, member of the Board, or employee of the School may be entitled to under Chapter 2744 or any other provision of the Ohio Revised Code or under common law of the State of Ohio.

A school nurse or other licensed health care professional shall be immune from disciplinary action by the Board of Nursing or any other regulatory board for providing care or performing duties under R.C. 3313.7112 if the care provided or duties performed are consistent with applicable professional standards.