Health Services

When a child is enrolled for the first time in either kindergarten or first grade:

- 1. Prior to November 1 of the school year, the child shall be screened for disorders in hearing, vision, speech and communication, for general health or medical problems, and for developmental disorders. This screening, or any of its elements, may be provided directly by the School or by contract with another person or governmental entity. The School may also establish a list of approved providers of screening services and request the parents to utilize one of these providers.
- 2. Prior to August 1 of the school year, the parents or guardians of the child must be provided with information about the screening program. If the School has determined that screening is to be obtained by the parents or guardians, it must prepare a list of providers together with information about screening services available in the community to those who cannot afford them. A parent or guardian may reject the requested screenings by signing a written statement to the effect that he/she does not wish to have his/her child receive such screening.

If the results of any health screening reveal the possibility of special learning needs, the School is required to conduct further assessment in accordance with laws regarding the education of children with disabilities.

Any child shall be exempted from the following examinations: (a) from a dental inspection if the child has been examined for dental defects by a regularly licensed dentist; (b) from a hearing test if he has been examined by a regularly licensed physician; and/or (c) from a vision test if he has been examined by a regularly licensed physician or optometrist. The parent shall provide evidence that the child was examined within the twelve (12) months immediately preceding the scheduled date of School examinations.

If the School provides hearing and vision screenings directly or by contract, the School shall:

- 1. Utilize methods and testing devices that are approved by the department of health;
- 2. Keep an accurate record of such tests and of measures taken to correct such hearing and visual defect on a form prescribed and furnished or approved by the Director of Health;
- 3. Make statistical data from such records available to official state and local health, education, and human services departments and agencies
- 4. Make individual records available to such departments and agencies only where there is evidence that no measures have been taken to correct defects determined by such tests.

R.C. 3313.50; R.C. 3313.673; R.C. 3313.69; R.C. 3314.03.

Use of Medications Policy

The School shall not be responsible for the diagnosis and treatment of student illness. The administration of prescribed medication and/or medically prescribed treatments to a student during school hours will be permitted only when failure to do so would jeopardize the health of the student, or the student would not be able to attend school if the medication or treatment were not made available during school hours, and, only if a physician's request is completed.

In the case of an emergency, only the custodial parent can authorize treatment or designate alternative individuals to make those decisions in his or her absence. However, if all reasonable measures to contact the custodial parent and his/her designees have failed, the School may seek authorization from an involved non-custodial parent (i.e. a parent who has rights of unsupervised visitation with the child).

For purposes of this policy, "medication" shall include all medicines including those prescribed by a physician or other licensed health professional authorized to prescribe medicine and any nonprescribed (over-the-counter) drugs, preparations, and/or remedies. "Treatment" refers both to the manner in which a medication is administered and to health-care procedures which require special training, such as catheterization.

The total responsibility for dispensing or administering any medication or treatment shall rest solely with the parent(s) and their child. Before any medication or treatment may be administered to any student during school hours, the School shall require the written prescription from the child's physician with detailed instructions, written promises of the physician and the parent to forward any changes in the prescription or instructions to the school immediately upon change and to ensure delivery to the appropriate staff. This must be accompanied by the written authorization and waiver of the parent. This document shall be kept on file in the main office of the School with the secured medical files.

Only medication in its original prescription bottle labeled with the date of prescription, student's name, and exact dosage will be administered and only in the presence of another adult. Parents, or students authorized in writing by physician and parents, may administer medication or treatment but only in the presence of an adult staff member assigned for that purpose.

Only Staff Members who are licensed health professionals or who have completed a Board-approved drug administration program conducted by a licensed health professional may administer to a student a drug prescribed for the student. They may also assist a student with self-administration of medications by doing the following: (1) remind the student when it is time to take a medication and observe to ensure that the student follows the directions on the container; (2) assist the student in the self-administration of medication by taking the medication in its container from the area where it is stored and handing the container with the medication in it to the student; and (3) assist upon request by or with the consent of, a physically impaired but mentally alert student, in removing oral or topical medication from the container and in taking or applying the medication.

A licensed health professional, or a Staff Member who has completed a Board-approved drug administration program conducted by a licensed health professional, may administer any medication requiring intravenous or intramuscular injection or the insertion of a device into the body when both the medication and the procedure are prescribed by a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs, and the nurse/Staff Member has completed any and all necessary training.

Students who may require administration of an emergency medication may have such medication, identified as stated above, stored in or by the School's office and administered in accord with this policy. The Principal or his/her designee may prepare and distribute administrative guidelines to ensure the proper implementation of this policy.

As long as the School or any person administering medication (a) is authorized by the Board to administer medication; (b) has the prescriber's signed statement; (c) has the parents signed authorization, which includes a promise to submit any changes to the prescription; and (d) the person has not acted in a grossly negligent or wonton or reckless manner, then that person shall not be liable for civil damages for administering or failing to administer medication.

Notwithstanding the above, written authorization or instructions from a health care provider are not required for the possession, use or application of nonprescription topical ointments designed to prevent sunburn, provided however, the School shall require written parental authorization for the application of sunscreen to a student by a School employee where application is not required pursuant to a student's Section 504 Plan or Individual Education Program. School employees authorized to apply sunscreen to students shall be of the same gender as the student and shall be observed by another same-gender employee during the application process. Sunscreen shall only be applied be in areas of exposed skin not otherwise covered by articles of clothing.

R.C. 3313.711; 3313.712; 3313.713.

Care of Students with Diabetes

The School shall ensure that each Student with diabetes enrolled in the School receives appropriate care in accordance with orders signed by the Student's treating practitioner. Appropriate care may include any of the following:

- 1. Checking and recording, or assisting the Student with checking and recording, Student's blood glucose levels and ketone levels;
- 2. Responding to blood glucose levels that are outside of the Student's target range;
- 3. Administering glucagon and/or other emergency treatments, as prescribed, in the event that Student experiences severe hypoglycemia;
- 4. Administering, or assisting the Student in self-administering, insulin through whatever insulin delivery method the Student uses;
- 5. Providing oral diabetes medications as needed and prescribed;
- 6. Understanding recommended schedules and food intake for meals and snacks so that dosages may be calculated pursuant to the orders of the Student's treating practitioner;
- 7. Following any instructions regarding meals, snacks and physical activity provided by the Student's treating practitioner; and
- 8. Administering diabetes medication by the School nurse or by a School employee trained in diabetes care.

Diabetes medication shall be kept in a location that is easily accessible.

No Student shall be restricted from attending the School on the basis that the Student has diabetes, that the School does not employ a full-time school nurse, or that the School does not have an employee trained in diabetes care. Parents of a Student with diabetes shall not be required or otherwise pressured to provide diabetes care at the School or during School-related activities.

Parental Notice of Rights under Section 504

The Principal or his/her designee shall inform the Student's Parent that the Student may be entitled to a Section 504 plan regarding the Student's diabetes no later than fourteen (14) days after receiving an order signed by a Student's treating practitioner indicating that a Student has diabetes.

Once notice has been given to the Parent, the School shall comply with all other policies and procedures for the development of a Section 504 plan as if the Student was any other Student with a qualifying disability.

School Administration of Diabetes Medication

Diabetes medication prescribed for a Student may be administered so long as all of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The Principal or his/her designee has a signed, written request from the Parent that the diabetes medication is to be administered, which includes a promise to submit any changes to the prescription;
- 2. The Principal or his/her designee receives a statement, signed by the prescriber of the medication that includes:
 - a. the name and address of the Student.

- b. identifies the School and class in which the Student is enrolled,
- c. states the name and dosage of the diabetes medication and the times or intervals at which the medication is to be administered,
- d. the date administration of the diabetes medication should begin and end,
- e. any severe adverse reactions that should be reported to the prescriber and one or more phone numbers at which the prescriber can be reached in the event of an emergency, and
- f. any other special instructions for administration of the diabetes medication, including sterile conditions and storage; and
- 3. The Parent provides the diabetes medication in the original container in which it was dispensed by the prescriber or a licensed pharmacist and the container indicates that the Student is the proper recipient of any dosage of the medication.

Student Self-Administration of Diabetes Medication

On the written request of the Student's Parent or treating practitioner, the School shall permit a Student to provide for his/her own diabetes care in accordance with the orders of the Student's treating practitioner during regular school hours and School-sponsored activities in his/her classroom, in any area of the School or school grounds, and at any school-related activity. At the request of the Student or his/her Parent, the School shall provide the Student with access to a private area for performing diabetes care tasks.

The Student shall be permitted to possess on his/her person all necessary supplies and equipment to perform such tasks at all times. If the Principal or his/her designee determines that the Student has performed any diabetes care tasks or used medical equipment for purposes other than the Student's own care, the Board or its designee may revoke the Student's permission to provide for his/her own care.

Training

The Board may approve training that complies with the nationally recognized guidelines adopted by the Ohio Department of Education in order to instruct employees of the School who wish to be able to attend to Students with diabetes. Participation in training is voluntary. Training shall be coordinated by the School's nurse, or if the School does not employ a nurse, by a licensed health care professional with expertise in diabetes. Upon completion of the training, the Principal or his/her designee shall have the discretion to determine which employees are competent to provide diabetes care to Students.

Training shall take place prior to the beginning of each school year or as needed but not later than fourteen (14) days after the School receives an order signed a treating practitioner indicating that a Student has diabetes

The Principal or his/her designee may distribute written notice to each employee of the School in search of employees to be trained. The notice must contain a description of the tasks to be performed, that training will be provided by a licensed health care professional, and the method of indicating interest in participating in such training. Any notice must state that participation in training is voluntary, that the employee will not be adversely affected should he/she choose not to participate in training, and that a trained employee will be immune from liability for their actions in providing for the care of a Student with diabetes.

The Board may approve training in the recognition of hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia and emergency response procedures for any School employee who has the primary responsibility of supervising a Student with diabetes during some portion of the school day or to any bus driver that the School employs or contracts with who is responsible for providing transportation to a Student with diabetes.

The Board shall not discourage employees from agreeing to provide diabetes care nor will employee be subject to a penalty or discipline for refusing to volunteer to be trained in diabetes care or for providing care or performing duties required to provide care for a Student with diabetes.

Reporting

The Board shall report to the Department of Education by December 31 of each year: (1) the number of Students with diabetes enrolled in the School during the previous school year, and (2) the number of errors in the administration of diabetes medication to Students with diabetes during the previous school year.

<u>Immunity</u>

Neither the School nor any member of the Board or employee of the School shall be held liable in damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly arising from providing care or performing duties pursuant to R.C. 3313.7112, unless the act or omission constitutes willful or wanton conduct. Nothing in R.C. 3313.7112 serves to eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that a School, member of the Board, or employee of the School may be entitled to under Chapter 2744 or any other provision of the Ohio Revised Code or under common law of the State of Ohio.

A school nurse or other licensed health care professional shall be immune from disciplinary action by the Board of Nursing or any other regulatory board for providing care or performing duties under R.C. 3313.7112 if the care provided or duties performed are consistent with applicable professional standards.

R.C. 3313.7112; R.C. 3313.713

Use of Inhaler/Epinephrine Autoinjector

A student may possess and use a metered dose inhaler or a dry powder inhaler to alleviate asthmatic symptoms, or before exercise to prevent the onset of asthmatic symptoms, and/or an epinephrine autoinjector to treat anaphylaxis at School, any School-related activity, event, or program sponsored by the School or in which the School participates, if both of the following conditions are satisfied:

- A. The student has the written approval of the student's physician and, if the student is a minor, the written approval of the parent, guardian, or other person having care or charge of the student. The physician's written approval shall include at least all of the following information:
- 1. the student's name and address;
- 2. the names and dose of the mediation contained in the inhaler;
- 3. the date the administration of the medication is to begin;
- 4. the date, if known, that the administration of the medication is to cease;
- 5. circumstances in which the inhaler and/or autoinjector should be used;
- 6. acknowledgement that the prescriber has determined the student is capable of possession and using the inhaler and/or autoinjector appropriately and has provided the student with training in the proper use;
- 7. written instructions that outline procedures School personnel should follow in the event that the asthma medication does not produce the expected relief from the student's asthma attack; and/or in the case of an epinephrine autoinjector, the Student is unable to administer the medication or the medication does not produce the expected relief from the student's anaphylaxis;
- 8. any severe adverse reactions that may occur to the student using the inhaler and that should be reported to the physician;
- 9. any severe adverse reactions that may occur to another student, for whom the inhaler is not prescribed, should such a student receive a dose of the medication;
- 10. at least one (1) emergency telephone number for contacting the physician in an emergency;
- 11. at least one (1) emergency telephone number for contacting the parent, guardian, or other person having care or charge of the student in an emergency;
- 12. any other special instructions from the physician.
 - B. The Principal or his/her designee has received copies of the written approvals required by Subparagraph 1 of this section.

If these conditions are satisfied, the student may possess and use the inhaler at School or at any activity, event, or program sponsored by or in which the student's School is a participant.

The School, a member of the Board or the Board's representatives, or any Staff or employee is not liable in damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly arising from a Staff Member's prohibiting a student from using an inhaler because of a Staff Member's good faith belief that the conditions of Subparagraphs 1 and 2 of this Section had not been satisfied. The School, a member of the Board, the Board's representatives, or any Staff or employee is not liable in damages in a civil action for

injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly arising from a Staff Member's permitting a student to use an inhaler because of a Staff Member's good faith belief that the conditions of Subparagraphs 1 and 2 of this Section had been satisfied. Furthermore, when the School is required by this Section to permit a student to possess and use an inhaler because the conditions of Subparagraphs 1 and 2 of this Section have been satisfied, the School, any member of the Board, or the Board's representatives, or any Staff or employee is not liable in damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly arising from the use of the inhaler by a student for whom it was not prescribed.

This Section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that a School, member of a Governing Authority, or Staff or employee may be entitled to under Chapter 2744, or any other provision of the Revised Code or under the common law of this state.

R.C. 3314.14; R.C. 3314.141; R.C. 3313.716, R.C. 3313.718

Procurement of Inhaler/Epinephrine Autoinjector for Emergency Use

The School chooses not to procure or attempt to procure Inhalers and/or Epinephrine Autoinjectors ("Epi-Pens") to be available on the premises of the School for use in emergency situations.

Should the Board decide to procure Inhalers or Epi-Pens in the future, the School will consult with a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs to obtain a Prescriber-Issued Protocol and adopt a policy addressing the procurement of Inhalers and/or Epi-Pens, prior to any such procurement.

Health Examinations and Immunizations

A. Immunizations

Students enrolled in the School are required to have, at the time of initial entry into School and at the beginning of each School year thereafter, written evidence on file that they have been immunized against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, poliomyelitis, measles (rubeola), mumps, chicken pox, rubella, hepatitis B, and meningococcal disease, as required by Ohio law and applicable Ohio Department of Health ("ODH") regulations and guidelines (collectively, "Laws"). Adequate written evidence of such required immunizations shall consist of a statement indicating that the Student has received the required immunizations, including the immunizations received and the date of receipt, signed by a licensed physician, an official from another school, a public health department, or the Parent. In the case of a Parent's statement, the Principal, in his/her sole discretion, may require any other evidence as s/he believes is needed to determine compliance with this policy including, but not limited to, a physician's statement.

B. Record and Reporting

The School shall keep an immunization record for each student, available in writing to the student's parent or guardian. No later than October 15 of each year, the School shall report a summary of the immunization records of all initial entry students to the director of health using the prescribed online reporting form, which may be accessed on the following website: https://www.odh.ohio.gov/odhprograms/bid/immunization/schdayca.aspx.

C. Exclusion and Readmission

In the event that (1) a Student has not received the required immunizations OR the Student is not "in the process of being immunized", and (2) the Student's Parent has failed to submit adequate written evidence of the required immunizations as set forth in this policy, the Student shall be:

Excluded from School until such time as the Student's Parent submits adequate written evidence that the Student has received the required immunizations or is "in the process of being immunized", or that the Student is exempted from immunization requirements in accordance with this policy.
Permitted to remain in School for no more than fourteen (14) days after initial enrollment in the

School or, for a student previously enrolled in the School, no more than fourteen (14) days after the beginning of the school year.

Students who do not comply with this policy and any other immunization requirements of Laws shall be excluded from School no later than the fifteenth (15th) day after admission or, for students not being initially admitted, no later than the fifteenth (15th) day after the beginning of the school year.

Any Student who is admitted or commences a school year who is "in the process of being immunized", and who does not complete the required immunizations, shall be excluded from School no later than the fifteenth (15th) day of the following school year.

"In the process of being immunized" means the student has been immunized against mumps, rubeola, rubella, and chicken pox, and if the student has not been immunized against polio, diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, hepatitis B, and meningococcal disease, the student has received at least the first dos of the immunization sequence, and presents written evidence to the Principal of each subsequent dose required to obtain immunization at the intervals prescribed by the Director of Health.

Any Student who is excluded for failure to comply with this policy shall be readmitted upon submission to the Principal of adequate written evidence, as set forth above, of compliance with this policy and the Laws.

D. Exemptions

Students may be exempted from required immunizations, subject to any requirements of Laws under the following circumstances:

- 1. A Parent may present a written statement to the Principal of objection to immunization for reasons of conscience, including religious convictions.
- 2. A Parent may present a written statement signed by a physician certifying that certain or all required immunizations are medically contraindicated.
- 3. A Parent may present a signed statement from the Parent or physician that the student has a history of measles (rubeola), mumps, and/or chicken pox and need not be immunized against the disease(s) for which the history so exists.
- 4. Pursuant to ODH regulations and guidelines, a parent may present laboratory testing results signed by a physician demonstrating that detectable rubella antibody is present in the Student and the Student need not be immunized against German measles (rubella).
- 5. Any other circumstances required by the Laws.

The Principal may require any other evidence she/he believes is needed to consider a request for exemption and, in his/her sole discretion, may determine whether to grant an exemption under the Laws to required immunizations.

The School may deny admission to a Student otherwise exempted from the chicken pox immunization requirement, if the Director of the ODH notifies the Principal that a chicken pox epidemic exists in the School's population. The denial of admission shall cease when the ODH notifies the Principal that the epidemic no longer exists. The academic standing of a Student who is denied admission during a chicken pox epidemic may be preserved in accordance with the admission, testing, and other policies of the School, and subject to Principal and Board approval.

E. Tuberculosis Testing

The Board and School shall follow the requirements and recommendations of Ohio law and the ODH, if any, with regard to tuberculosis testing of students.

R.C. 3313.67; 3313.671.

Emergency Medical Procedures

Serious Illness Requiring Medical Attention

If a Staff member or Student is seriously ill or injured, and needs medical attention, that Staff or Student, or any Staff or Student who believes another person is seriously ill or injured, and needs medical attention, shall notify the Principal or his/her designee or another Staff member immediately.

If a Staff member is unsure about the severity of a person's condition or unable to evaluate the situation, he/she shall call the Principal's Office and:

- 1. Provide the name of person who is ill or injured.
- 2. Indicate where the injured or ill person is located.
- 3. Describe the main symptoms observed.
- 4. Request medical assistance.
- 5. Indicate whether it will be necessary to call the Rescue Squad.
- 6. Stay with the person and do not attempt to move him or her.
- 7. Be sure there is a person posted to route the Rescue Squad to the ill or injured.
- 8. Be sure the area is clear of unnecessary traffic and on-lookers.
- 9. Call 911.

Emergency Medical Authorization

The School will annually distribute to parents or guardians of all students the "Health & Fitness Parental Consent Form" and the "Emergency Medical Authorization Form." In the event emergency medical treatment for a student is necessary, the School will adhere to the instructions on the authorization form.

Emergency Medical Authorizations will be kept in a separate, easily accessible file in the care of the Principal or his/her designee during the school year. At the end of the school year, the authorizations will be stored until being replaced the following school year.

Any time a student or a group of students are taken away from the School's facilities as participants in a school event, the staff in charge of the event must take the Emergency Medical Authorizations for those students. This includes, and is not limited to, music trips, athletic trips, field trips, and academic contest participants. This does not include student spectators at events.

Whenever it is necessary for staff members to use emergency procedures in order to care properly for a student, they are to take standard safety precautions, follow the procedures described in the Emergency Medical Procedures policy, and are not to abide by any "Do Not Resuscitate" (DNR) agreement that may exist for a student, unless ordered to do so by a court of law.

Control of Communicable DiseasesThe School recognizes that control of the spread of communicable disease is essential to the well-being of the school community and to the efficient operation of the School.

For purposes of this policy, "communicable diseases" shall include Amebiasis Campylobacteriosis, Chickenpox, Cholera, COVID-19, Conjunctivitis, Cryptosporidiosis, Cyclosporiasis, Diarrhea (infectious or of unknown cause), Diphtheria, Ebola Virus, Escherichia coli (E. coli) O157:H7 or hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS), Giardiasis, Hepatitis A, Measles, Meningitis (aseptic, and viral meningoencephalitis, but not including arthropod-borne disease), Meningococcal disease, Mumps, Pediculosis, Pertussis (whooping cough), Plague, Rubella, Salmonellosis, Scabies, Shigellosis, Smallpox, Streptococcal infection, Tuberculosis (TB), Typhoid fever, Typhus, Viral hemorrhagic fever (VHF), Yellow fever, and Yersiniosis. This list is not exhaustive and may be modified in accordance with State and Federal law.

In order to protect the health and safety of the students, school personnel, and the community at large, the School shall follow all state and federal laws and Board of Health regulations that pertain to communicable disease.

On the recommendation of a physician or a nurse, a teacher may exclude from the classroom and the Principal or his/her designee may exclude from the building or isolate in the School any student who appears to be ill or has been exposed to a communicable disease.

The School shall:

- 1. instruct teaching staff members in the detection of disease and measures for its prevention and control;
- 2. remove from School property to the care of a responsible adult any student identified and excluded in accordance with this policy;
- 3. prepare standards for or follow the health department of Center for Disease Control guidelines for the readmission of a student who has recovered from communicable disease; and
- 4. file reports as required by law and the State Department of Health.

Specific procedures outlined in the Appendices should be adhered to where applicable.

Non-Casual-Contact Communicable Diseases

The Board seeks to provide a safe educational environment for Students. This can best be accomplished by assuring that all persons in the school community understand the method of transmission and prevention of diseases that are not contracted through air-borne pathogens, but rather through direct contact with body fluids and excretions, especially blood, vomit, feces, or urine. The Board is also committed to assuring the confidential status of individuals who may have been diagnosed with a blood-borne communicable disease.

For purposes of this policy, these diseases shall include:

- 1. HIV (human immunodeficiency virus);
- 2. AIDS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome);
- 3. AIDS related complex (condition);
- 4. HAV, HBV, HCV (Hepatitis A, B, C); and
- 5. other diseases that may be specified by the State Department of Health as contact communicable diseases.

The Board recognizes that Students who have contracted these diseases may not exhibit symptoms for many years after exposure and may, in fact, not be aware that they have contracted the disease. They are, however, able to transmit the disease to other individuals.

The Board directs the Principal to assure that Students who reveal the fact they have contracted one of these diseases will have their status safeguarded in accordance with federal and state statutes dealing with confidentiality and that their civil rights will be respected. Should a Student be unable to attend school as a result of illness, an alternative education program shall be provided in accordance with the Board's policy, Ohio law, and administrative guidelines.

Control of Blood-Borne Pathogens

The School seeks to protect those Staff Members who may be exposed to blood-borne pathogens and other potentially-infectious materials in their performance of assigned duties at the School.

If the School identifies a category of employee whose duties create a reasonable anticipation of exposure to blood and other infectious materials, then it shall contact its legal counsel to devise an appropriate procedure.

Head Lice

When a suspected case of head lice is brought to the Principal or his/her designee's attention, the Student will be examined. If the examination detects the presence of head lice and/or nits (lice eggs) in the scalp and hair, the Student's Parents will be informed via telephone of the discovery and of the Student's exclusion from classes. Parents will be advised to remove the Student from the School for proper pediculicide treatment. The School will give Parents a copy of Ohio Department of Health Head Lice Information Pamphlet. If any siblings attend the School, the siblings will be examined for head lice and/or nits.

After the Student has been treated and is ready to return to School, the Student must first report to the Principal's office or school nurse's office accompanied by an adult to be examined by the school nurse or Principal or his/her designee. The Student may return to class if: [check one] \square the Student is free of live head lice; or \square the Student is free of both live head lice and nits. If Principal or his/her designee is not satisfied that the Student is sufficiently free of live lice and/or nits as required by this policy, the Student will be sent home with the Parents and may attempt to return to School again the following day. The Student will be re-examined for live head lice one (1) week after the Student is allowed to return to class.

When lice are detected in a classroom, the rest of the class will be examined to identify possible presence of lice or nits. When three or more students in any classroom are found to have head lice, the Principal or his/her designee shall send informative materials home with each class member.

Infectious Disease Policy

Viral infections may be present in human blood or other bodily fluids. Therefore, the following routine procedures should be used when providing care that will expose the care giver to human blood, bodily fluids, and excrement unless directed by emergency medical or other healthcare provider, law enforcement or fire department, or local, state, or federal official. These procedures are necessary to safeguard against caretaker infection and the spread of infection within the classroom environment.

- 1. The caretaker should observe good hand washing, including before and after all contact with a child suspected of being ill, after any exposure to blood, bodily fluids (urine, saliva, sweat, feces, vomit, semen, etc.), and other potentially infectious materials and/or surfaces, and before caring for another child. If hands are visibly soiled, hands should be washed using soap and water and not alcohol-based hand rubs.
- 2. Waterproof disposable gloves must be worn to protect against possible open lesions on the caretaker's hands.
- 3. If available, personal protective equipment should be worn by the caretaker to protect against possible expose of mucous membranes where there is a threat of possible exposure to certain highly communicable diseases, such as Ebola virus disease. Additional personal protective equipment, such as waterproof disposable gloves, fluid resistant or impermeable gowns, eye protection, surgical facemasks, disposable shoe covers, and leg coverings should be worn when entering areas where a caretaker could be exposed to a potentially infectious materials and/or surfaces or a child suspected of being ill with a highly communicable disease. Caretakers should carefully remove all personal protective equipment to avoid contaminating one's eyes, mucous membranes, clothing or other surfaces with potentially infectious materials and good hand washing should be performed immediately after removal of personally protective equipment.
- 4. Any open lesions on the child's body must be covered.
- 5. Any pregnant caretaker should wear a surgical mask when providing care involving exposure to a child's excrement.
- 6. Surfaces soiled with blood, urine, feces, vomits, etc., must be thoroughly washed with soap and water and then be disinfected with the disinfectant agent provided (MATAR or its equivalent), used per manufacturer's recommendation.
- 7. Personnel cleaning the spill must wear disposable gloves and wash hands thoroughly after removal of contaminated gloves. Personnel cleaning the spill of blood, bodily fluids, or surfaces that may have come into contact with materials or a child suspected of infection with a highly communicable disease should wear all appropriate personal protective equipment (see number 3 above). Hands should be washed thoroughly after removal of contaminated personal protective equipment. Personnel should follow closely the instructions of any emergency medical or other healthcare provider, law enforcement, or fire department, or local, state, and federal public health official in cleaning a spill.
- 8. Mops and towels must be thoroughly rinsed in the disinfecting agent and properly stored if they are to be reused. If further use will not occur, they must be properly double bagged and disposed with other waste materials. If mops, towels, or any other materials were used in the cleaning of blood, bodily fluids, materials or surfaces that may have come into contact with materials or a child suspected of

infection with a highly communicable disease then the materials should be soaked in an appropriate disinfectant with a 10% solution of household bleach and water (1 part bleach, 9 parts water), double-bagged in a leak proof bag, and placed in a leak proof HAZMAT container.

Specific procedures for certain highly communicable diseases outlined in these guidelines should be followed.

49 C.F.R., Parts 171-180.

Use of Face Masks/Coverings

The health and safety of students, staff, and volunteers is paramount to the School. For this reason, and in light of the COVID-19 pandemic, state and local health orders, and guidance from the Ohio Department of Education, the School will comply with this policy for the 2020-2021 school year.

The School will follow the mandates and requirements set forth by the federal, state, and local governments, the Center for Disease Control ("CDC"), Ohio Governor, Ohio State Department of Health, local county health department, Ohio Department of Education, and other applicable entities ("Directing Entities") as it relates to the protecting the health of students. If any of these Directing Entities or the School administration requires staff, students, and/or visitors to wear face masks/coverings while attending school, reporting to work at a school, or visiting a school, the School will follow and enforce such directives. If any part of this policy conflicts with applicable mandates or requirements from these Directing Entities, the School will comply with the applicable mandate or requirement.

Except as provided herein, all students, faculty, staff, and volunteers shall wear face masks/coverings at all times when:

- In any indoor location including, but not limited to, classrooms, gymnasiums, offices, locker rooms, hallways, cafeteria, and/or locker bays;
- Outdoors on school property and unable to consistently maintain a distance of six feet or more from individuals who are not members of their household;
- Waiting for a school bus outdoors and unable to maintain a distance of six feet or more from individuals who are not members of their household; or
- Riding a school bus.

To the extent that the School provides transportation services for its students, students shall be required to wear face masks/coverings while being transported on school buses. If a student receives transportation services through a school district transportation provider that requires face masks/coverings, the School will follow and enforce such directives, to the extent permitted by law and state and federal guidance.

Visitors will also be required to wear a face mask/covering while in any indoor location on the school's property, and while outdoors on school property and unable to consistently maintain a distance of six feet or more from individuals who are not members of their household.

In implementing this policy, consideration should be given for the age and developmental level of the child and the physical situation the child is in at that moment. Face masks/coverings are most essential in times when physical distancing is difficult.

At minimum, face masks/coverings must:

• Cover an individual's mouth, nose, and chin.

In addition, it is strongly recommended that face masks/coverings:

- Fit snugly against the side of the face so there are no gaps;
- Not create difficulty breathing while worn; and
- Be held secure through either a tie, elastic, etc. to prevent slipping.

Face masks/coverings shall not include masks designed to be worn for costume purposes, and all face masks/coverings shall meet the requirements of the appropriate dress code policies and code of conduct. Procedural and surgical masks intended for health care providers and first responders should be reserved for appropriate occupational and health care settings.

Exemptions. The requirement to wear a face mask/covering does not apply when:

- The individual has a medical condition including respiratory conditions that restricts breathing, mental health conditions, or a disability that contraindicates the wearing of a face mask/covering;
- The individual is communicating or seeking to communicate with someone who is hearing impaired or has another disability, where an accommodation is appropriate or necessary;
- The individual is actively participating in outdoor recess and/or physical activity where students are able to maintain a distance of six feet or more or athletic practice, scrimmage, or competition that is permitted per Ohio Department of Health Order;
- The individual is seated and actively consuming food or beverage;
- Where students and staff can maintain distancing of at least six feet and removal of the face mask/covering is necessary for instructional purposes, including instruction in foreign language,
 English language for non-native speakers, and other subjects where wearing a face mask/covering would prohibit participation in normal classroom activities, such as playing an instrument;
- Students are able to maintain a distance of six feet or more and a mask break is deemed necessary by the educator supervising the educational setting;
- The individual is alone in an enclosed space, such as an office; or
- When an established sincerely held religious requirement exists that does not permit a face mask/covering.

The School Principal or his/her designee shall have the authority to determine if and when masks may be temporarily removed pursuant to an exemption in consultation with local health authorities and state and federal guidance.

Face shields that wrap around the face and extend below the chin can be considered as an alternative, in the sole discretion of the School, where an exemption applies.

The School is required to provide written justification to the local health officials, upon request, explaining why a staff member is not required to wear a face mask/covering in the School.

Exemptions will be considered on a case-by-case basis. If any of the above exemptions are applicable, a request for such exemption must be submitted in writing to the staff member's supervisor, or in the case of a student, to the School Principal or his/her designee, and a decision on the request will be provided in writing by the School. An individual may, on a case-by-case basis, be required to wear a face shield or other face mask/covering as appropriate for an accommodation of this face mask/covering requirement. The School may also discuss other possible accommodations for the student or staff member. Such discussion shall follow applicable law and School policies and procedures for requests for accommodation, including but not limited to Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and the Americans with Disabilities Act.

Any school nurse or staff member who cares for individuals with COVID-19 symptoms must use appropriate personal protective equipment ("PPE"), provided by the School, in accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Administration ("OSHA") or Public Employment Risk Reduction Program ("PERRP") standards***.

If face masks/coverings are required, and no exemption has been applied, students and/or staff who violate this policy shall be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the applicable Student Code of Conduct/Student Discipline Code, staff handbook, and in accordance with policies of the School.

AIDS Policy

The School will not discriminate with respect to compensation, terms, conditions, benefits, or privileges of employment against applicants and employees because they have Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS), Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), or related conditions, as long as the applicant or employee is able to meet work performance standards and perform essential job functions (with or without reasonable accommodation).

Recognizing the ongoing research on AIDS and such diseases as Hepatitis B, the Board maintains an ongoing commitment to educating staff, while reviewing policies to reflect the most current research. The Principal is to institute procedure to deal with infectious diseases of students which are passed through direct contact of body fluids.

Educational Commitment

The most effective way to handle the issue of venereal diseases such as AIDS and other infectious diseases is through the educational process. The first line of defense is prevention. Therefore, teachers may include material appropriate to the age and grade of the children with whom they are working, regarding the transmission of AIDS and other diseases such as Hepatitis B. If the parent or guardian of a student provides a written request to be excused from taking venereal disease instruction, then the student shall not receive the instruction.

The School will take steps needed to maintain confidentiality and to address student and employee safety issues, and will comply with all applicable laws regarding persons with AIDS, HIV, or related conditions.

Peanut or Other Food Allergies

The School recognizes that food allergies, in some instances, may be severe and even life-threatening. The School has adopted this policy to create a framework for accommodating students with peanut and other food allergies and to reduce the likelihood of severe allergic reactions of students with known food allergies while at School. This food allergy policy shall be developed based on input from a committee made up of community members such as parents, school nurses, and other school employees, school volunteers, students, and community members.

Parent/Student Responsibility

- 1. Parents of students, or students age eighteen (18) or older, with food allergies must provide written notification to the Principal of such allergies at the beginning of each School year.
- 2. Parents of students with life threatening food allergies must provide the School with emergency medications, execute an Emergency Medical Authorization Form and cooperate with the School to formulate a Food Allergy Action Plan as described below.
- 3. Parents are responsible for educating their child on managing his/her food allergy at School, including, but not limited to, identifying "safe foods," by reviewing the weekly lunch menu together, and discussing the vigilance required to self-monitor food products sold at athletic events or special student sales, foods brought for potlucks or classroom celebrations, or foods served on School-sponsored trips.

School Responsibility

- 1. The School must cooperate in the development of a Food Allergy Action Plan for students with life threatening allergies. The Food Allergy Action Plan must address what actions will be taken to avoid exposure at School and what actions will be taken in the event of exposure. The Plan shall be developed through consultation between the School nurse (if any) (or other School staff or person if none), the student's parents, and the student's physician or allergist. Once created, this Plan should be reviewed and updated annually by the School, the student's parents, and the student's physician or allergist.
- 2. The School will share the Food Allergy Action Plan developed with appropriate School staff.
- 3. With the consent of the student's parents, a Food Allergy Action Plan may provide a mechanism for the School to notify the student's classmates and/or a student's classmates' parents of a life threatening food allergy in the classroom.

R.C. 3313.719

Bed Bug Infestations

When a suspected bed bug is found on a Student or their belongings, the Principal or his/her designee shall follow these guidelines:

- 1. Discreetly remove the child from the classroom so the School nurse (if any) or a qualified individual can perform an inspection of the child's clothing and other belongings (including but not limited to: shoes, jackets, hats, books, backpacks, school supplies, etc.). Place any of the child's unneeded items, such as book bags, into a large plastic bag and tightly seal the bag. If the School has a washer or dryer available, the School may wish to wash and dry the clothing on the high heat setting. If a bed bug is found on a student or his/her belongings, send home the Bed Bug Inspection Report letter.
- 2. Check areas where the Student sits or affected belongings may be placed for extended periods of time. Bed bugs are excellent hitchhikers and, though they only feed on humans and rapidly retreat, they can be found in many locations.
- 3. Try to collect the specimen(s) using a tissue or a piece of gauze. Try not to crush the bugs. Multiple specimens can be very helpful in identification of the insect. If submitted insects are missing antennae, legs, or body segments, a precise identification often cannot be made. Do not call undue attention to any child. You may destroy other bugs found after submission by placing them in a sealed bag and disposing the bag in the trash. VERY IMPORTANT: If a specimen is found on a Student or the Student's belongings, remove the specimen as instructed above. The parents are to be notified by the Principal or his/her designee, if the specimen is a confirmed bed bug. Students should not be excluded from school due to bed bugs.
- 4. Listed below are two services available to identify insects. Please do not send live specimens via any postal or shipping service as insects can escape during shipment. Keep in mind, the post office will not deliver packages that leak. Be sure to check the websites for proper submission protocols.
 - The Ohio Department of Health (ODH) offers free service to Ohio residents: http://www.odh.ohio.gov/odhPrograms/dis/zoonoses/vbdp/vb_dref.aspx.
 - The Ohio State University offers services for a small fee: http://www.ppdc.osu.edu.
- 5. Once received by the pest diagnostic agency, an entomologist will examine the specimen and then notify the School of the bug's identification with two days of receipt.
- 6. After positive identification, the Principal or his/her designee should provide the School community with the following information:
 - Parent or Guardian notification letter
 - Resources and additional information are available on Central Ohio Bed Bug Task Force web site at http://www.centralohiobedbugs.org.
- 7. Contact the parents or guardian to inform them of the bed bug presence on their child.
 - Suggest clean, freshly laundered (on high heat setting) and sealed change of clothing be sent to School (as long as needed).
 - Send only essential items to School with the Student and inspect items upon arrival at School. If possible, the School could offer to keep non-essential items overnight to help ensure the items are bed bug free.

- Suggest keeping School items sealed in a plastic bag or tote at home and limit items going back and forth from home to School until infestation is treated.
- 8. Ongoing pest management should be overseen by the Principal or his/her designee.
- 9. When the decision is made that pesticides are going to be applied at the School for the control or prevention of bed bugs, the School should verify that their employee, or the pest control company hired, is properly licensed to apply pesticides.
 - A list of licensed pest control companies and applicators can be found at www.agri.ohio.gov/apps/odaprs/pestfert-PRS-searchindex.aspx.
 - Ask the company about their experience and methods for bed bugs. Bug bombs are not effective.
- 10. Vacuuming procedures to follow where bed bugs are found:
 - Vacuum affected areas where bed bugs are found during normal after-school cleaning schedule, including floor and baseboards.
 - Sprinkle about 1/4 to 1/2 cup of talcum powder on the last section of floor to be vacuumed.
 - Remove the bag and place in a tightly sealed plastic garbage bag for disposal.
 - Do not use the same vacuum bag if moving to an uninfested area.

Information taken from Central Ohio Bed Bug Task Force (www.centralohiobedbugs.org).

Dangerous Weapons

Any visitor found possessing a weapon or other device designed to inflict serious bodily harm on School premises or on property being used by the School for School purposes may be charged with a felony. This restriction applies to visitors licensed to possess firearms unless serving as an authorized security officer or unless the Governing Authority has provided them with written authorization to convey or possess deadly weapons or dangerous ordnance in(to) the school safety zone. This policy does not apply to law enforcement personnel or state or federal officers, agents, or employees who are authorized to carry a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance and are acting within the official duties of such position.

The Principal or his/her designee shall ensure that any visitor possessing a weapon or other device designed to inflict serious bodily harm is reported immediately to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

A weapon may be brought on School property for educational purposes under controlled circumstances when authorized by the Principal or his/her designee.

20 USC 7151; R.C. 2923.122.

Emergency Preparedness and Evacuation

The safety of Staff and Students includes preparedness and planning for possible natural and manmade disasters.

The Board authorizes a system of emergency preparedness which shall safeguard the health and safety of Students and Staff.

All threats to safety shall be identified by appropriate personnel and responded to promptly in accordance with the plan for emergency preparedness.

All bomb threats shall require the immediate evacuation of the school building or location threatened.

The Principal or his/her designee shall develop procedures for the handling of school emergencies which include:

- 1. A schedule that allows for the routine practice of school safety procedures that will occur at least monthly while the school is in session through a combination of safety drills and fire drills;
- 2. An annual training session for employees of the School regarding the procedures for conducting safety drills and fire drills;
- 3. An annual test of the School's emergency management plan and procedures for reporting results of the test to the Department of Education;
- 4. A plan for the prompt and safe evacuation of any School building that shall be practiced at least six (6) times in fire drills conducted in accordance with law, if the School has smoke detectors or a sprinkler system in all classrooms of the School. If the School does not have smoke detectors or a sprinkler system in all classrooms, then fire drills must be conducted at least nine (9) times per year in accordance with the law;
- 5. A plan for the safe dispersal of students from School property and for the sequestration of students in the School, in response to a threat involving an act of terrorism, a person in possession of a dangerous ordinance, or other violent situation, which shall be practiced at least three (3) times in safety drills, with at least one (1) drill requiring pupils to practice securing in the School rather than evacuating. All safety drills shall be conducted in a manner consistent with the School's Emergency Management Plan and shall be made in conjunction with the police chief or other similar chief law enforcement officer in the jurisdiction in which the School resides;
- 6. A plan to conduct one (1) theoretical safety drill to provide instruction to faculty and staff regarding procedures. The theoretical drill does not require student participation and may be conducted during annual training sessions on safety procedures;
- 7. The designation of appropriate locations to shelter students in case of a tornado;
- 8. Instructions in safety precautions to be taken in case of a tornado alert or warning and a plan for the prompt and safe procedure to shelter students in case of a tornado which shall be practiced at least one (1) time per month while school is in session during the "tornado season" of April 1 to July 31 conducted in accordance with law;
- 9. Design of a communications system;

- 10. Procedures to follow whenever any employee becomes aware of an emergency or impending emergency;
- 11. Cooperation with such local officials and agencies such as the fire marshal and law enforcement, including a procedure for providing at least seventy-two (72) hours written notice to local law enforcement prior to conducting each school safety drill; and
- 12. Procedures for the Principal or his/her designee to provide a written record to the police chief or similar law enforcement officer of the jurisdiction in which the School is located certifying the date and time each safety drill was conducted in the prior school year and the anticipated date of each drill during the current school year, no later than December 5 of each school year.

R.C. 3737.73; R.C. 3313.536; OAC 3301-5-01; OAC 1301: 7-7-04.

Accidents to Students

Every accident in a School facility, on School grounds, at practice sessions, or at any event sponsored by the School must be reported immediately to the person in charge and to the Principal or his/her designee. An accident report must be completed for each accident. Accident forms are available in the School.

Visitors, Volunteers, and Guests

The Board welcomes and encourages visits to School programs by parents, other adults, and interested educators. But in order for the educational program to continue undisturbed when visitors are present and to prevent the intrusion of disruptive persons, it is necessary to invoke visitor controls. All visitors, including parents and volunteers, must report to the School office upon entering the School building and sign the guest register. This procedure has been adopted for the safety of our students and staff. Children from other schools may not visit during the school day. Exceptions may be made at the Principal or his/her designee's discretion for families who are considering enrollment.

The Principal or his/her designee has the authority to prohibit the entry of any person, including but not limited to parents, other adults and/ or educators, to a program of the School or to expel any person when there is reason to believe the presence of such person would be detrimental to the good order of the program. If such an individual refuses to leave the School grounds or creates a disturbance, the Principal or his/her designee is authorized to request from the local law enforcement agency whatever assistance is required to remove the individual.

The Principal or his/her designee may promulgate such administrative guidelines as are necessary for the protection of students and staff from disruption to the educational program or the efficient conduct of their assigned tasks.

All volunteers (both new and current) having unsupervised access to students on a regular basis are hereby notified that the School may at any time require a set of fingerprints for purposes of making a criminal records check. If a criminal records check is conducted on a volunteer, and the records check reveals one of the prohibited violations, the School may no longer utilize the volunteer in a position involving unsupervised access to children on a regular basis, unless a notice is sent out to the parent or guardian of each child served by the School. The notice must be in writing, name the volunteer and indicate that the volunteer has been convicted of or entered a guilty plea to one or more of the prohibited violations. The notice must be sent to the parent or guardian on the date the School commences providing services to the child or on the date the School decides to accept the person as a volunteer after receiving the report of the result of the criminal records check, whichever is later.

R.C. 109.575

Bomb Threat Policy

A bomb threat may be received by phone, mail or a personal message.

Any Staff receiving a bomb threat by phone should ask the caller to give the message to the Principal or his/her designee. If the caller refuses, then the Staff person who received the call should attempt to engage the caller in conversation on the phone. The Staff member should obtain as much information as possible as suggested on the Bomb Threat Form and obtain the nearest person's attention so that the Principal can be notified. Staff should make an effort to contact the Police on another outside line and have a tracer place on the caller if time permits.

If the building is to be evacuated and Staff should notify all building occupants of the decision to evacuate.

Staff should account for all building occupants at the determined evacuation point, and report any missing individuals to Principal and the emergency responders.

Staff should note unusual or unfamiliar objects as they evacuate and report such objects to the Principal. NO STAFF SHOULD TOUCH OR MOVE SUCH OBJECTS.

To the extent practicable without causing delay, all interior doors should remain open to minimize possible structural and compression damage. This instruction does not apply to a lock-down situation.

AED and CPR Training

Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, the School shall provide training in the use of an automated external defibrillator ("AED") and cardiopulmonary resuscitation ("CPR") for all employees, including coaches and an athletic supervisors, except that the School shall not be required to provide training to substitutes; persons employed on an as-needed, intermittent or seasonal basis; or adult education instructors who are scheduled to work the full-time equivalent of less than 120 days per school year.

All employees shall complete training no later than July 1, 2018, and must training in complete both AED use and CPR at least once every five (5) year period thereafter. Employees may voluntarily elect to complete CPR and AED training at their own expense through an independent provider, so long as the training is consistent with those provided by the School and the employee presents a certificate of completion to the Principal. The School may elect to include AED training in its in-service training required under Ohio law.

Instruction shall also be offered to students in grades nine (9) to twelve (12), including instruction on the hands-on skills necessary to perform CPR and use an AED. Students who are incapable of performing the psychomotor skills necessary to perform CPR or use an AED shall be excused from CPR and AED instruction.

The School shall utilize either: (a) an instructional program developed by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross, that includes instruction in CPR and the use of an AED; or (b) any other nationally recognized instructional program that is based on the most current, evidence-based emergency cardiovascular care guidelines for CPR and AEDs.

Notwithstanding the above, the School shall not be required to provided AED or CPR instruction or training if the School is an internet- or computer-based community school, or is a community school in which the majority of enrolled students are children with disabilities.

R.C. 3313.6023; R.C. 3313.6021.

OSHA/PERRP Compliance/Risk Reduction Program

The School believes that the employees and students of the School, as well as visitors, are entitled to function in an environment as free from hazards as can reasonably be provided. In this regard and in accordance with law, the School will provide reasonable and adequate protection to the lives, safety, and health of its employees and students, in compliance with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations.

Public Employment Risk Reduction Program (PERRP) Compliance***

The Principal or his/her designee shall be responsible for the maintenance of standards in the facilities to prevent accidents and to modernize their consequences. She/he shall designate an employee who shall conduct periodic audits of health and safety conditions within the facilities of the School and take appropriate action on any violations thereof to the Principal or his/her designee.

The Principal or his/her designee shall ascertain that the employees and students of the School are aware of their rights to an environment free of recognized hazards, that they are properly trained in safety methods, that protective devices and equipment are available to meet safety standards, and that proper rules and records are maintained to meet the requirements of the law and the regulations of PERRP.

The Principal or his/her designee shall post and keep posted a notice informing employees of the protections and obligations provided under PERRP. The Principal or his/her designee shall annually post on February 1 and keep posted until April 30 a copy of the summary of all work-related incidents from the following year. Postings shall be in a conspicuous place where notices to employees are customarily posted.

The Principal or his/her designee shall comply with any mandatory recordkeeping requirements. Such records shall include the following:

- 1. An incident report for all work-related injuries and illnesses, which shall be completed no later than six (6) working days after receiving information that a recordable incident has occurred;
- 2. An incident report for any employee death or the in-patient hospitalization of three (3) or more employees due to a work-related incident, which shall be completed within ten (10) days of orally reporting the death or in-patient hospitalization to PERRP;
- 3. A log and summary of all work-related injuries and illnesses, which shall be updated as early as practicable following the injury or illness, but no later than six (6) working days after receiving information that a recordable injury or illness has occurred;
- 4. A record of public employee exposure to potentially toxic and/or carcinogenic materials and/or harmful physical agents that are required to be monitored under any Ohio Public Employment Risk Reduction Standard; and
- 5. A record of all incidents where a public health care worker employed by the School is exposed to blood or other material potentially containing bloodborne pathogens through a needlestick or other sharp.

Records shall be maintained on a calendar year basis and shall be retained for at least five (5) years following the end of the year to which the records relate. All records required to be maintained shall be made available for inspection by the Ohio Bureau of Workers Compensation and any employee, former employee, or employee representative for examination and copying at reasonable times.

The following mandatory reporting requirements shall be complied with by the Principal or his/her designee:

- 1. The School shall submit the annual summary of all work-related injuries and illnesses no later than February 1 of the following year to which the records relate;
- 2. The School shall <u>orally</u> report the incident within eight (8) hours after the death of any employee or the in-patient hospitalization of three or more employees as a result from a work-related incident, or within eight (8) hours of learning of the death or in-patient hospitalization; and
- 3. The School shall submit the sharps injury form within ten (10) business days of any incident where a public health care worker employed by the School is exposed to blood or other material potentially containing bloodborne pathogens through a needlestick or other sharp.

All reports shall be made to:

Public Employment Risk Reduction Program
Division of Safety and Hygiene
13430Yarmouth Drive
Pickerington, OH 43147
Fax: 614-621-5754

Phone: 614-644-2246 or 800-671-6858

Website: https://www.bwc.ohio.gov/employer/programs/safety/sandhperrp.asp

In the event an inspection is made by a representative of the State, the Principal or his/her designee shall report the results thereof to the Board at the meeting following the receipt of the State report.

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Compliance

The School believes that the employees and students of the School, as well as visitors, are entitled to function in an environment as free from hazards as can reasonably be provided. In this regard and in accordance with law, the School will provide reasonable and adequate protection to the lives, safety, and health of its employees and students, in compliance with Federal and State laws and regulations.

The Principal or his/her designee shall be responsible for the maintenance of standards in the facilities to prevent accidents and to modernize their consequences. She/he shall designate an employee who shall conduct periodic audits of health and safety conditions within the facilities of the School and take appropriate action on any violations thereof to the Principal or his/her designee.

The Principal or his/her designee shall comply with any mandatory reporting requirements. Such reporting shall include reporting to OSHA (a) within eight (8) hours, the death of an employee as a result of a work-related accident, and (b) within twenty-four (24) hours, the in-patient hospitalization, amputation, or loss of an eye of an employee as a result of a work-related accident. The School shall maintain any injury or illness records that may be required by OSHA and shall provide access to employees, former employees, or appropriate representatives consistent with OSHA regulations.

All staff members have the right and obligation to report work-related injuries or illnesses. Employers, including the School or Management Company, are prohibited from discharging or in any manner discriminating against employees for reporting work-related injuries or illnesses.

Staff members shall complete an incident report for all work-related injuries and illnesses within six (6) working days after receiving information about a recordable incident, injury, or illness. If an injury or illness has latent symptoms and is not immediately apparent, the staff member shall complete an incident report within six working days of identification of the injury or illness.

The Principal or his/her designee shall post and keep posted a notice informing employees of the protections and obligations provided under OSHA as required by law. Postings shall be in a conspicuous place where notices to employees are customarily posted and all copies of the posting shall be at least 8.5 x 14 inches in size with at least 10 point type.

The Principal or his/her designee shall ascertain that the employees and students of the School are aware of their rights to an environment free of recognized hazards, that they are properly trained in safety methods, that protective devices and equipment are available to meet safety standards, and that proper rules and records are maintained to meet the requirements of the law and the regulations of OSHA. In the event an inspection is made by a representative of OSHA, the Principal or his/her designee shall report the results thereof to the Board at the meeting following the receipt of the State report.

***Note regarding this policy: the Board shall comply with the Public Employment Risk Reduction Program and Occupational Safety and Health Administration requirements for all Board employees. However, School staff members employed by a management company are subject only to OSHA requirements and are not subject to PERRP requirements provided above.

R.C. 4167 et seg.; OAC Chapter 4167; 29 CFR 1903.2; 29 CFR 1904.2; 29 CFR 1904.35; 29 CFR 1904.39

Property, Equipment and Supplies

It is necessary for everyone to utilize property, supplies, and equipment in the course of doing their jobs. Staff should take care of these items and should know how to use them properly. Damaged equipment should be reported to the Principal or his/her designee immediately so that it can be repaired.

The Board requires Staff and Students to be economical, in part, by turning off unnecessary lighting, turning off appliances and other equipment not in use, closing doors and windows that allow cool or warm air to escape, not running water needlessly, and reporting to Principal or his/her designee, any unnecessary use of water, gas, or electrical power. A small amount of waste by each employee or student equals a large amount of waste overall. The ability to save time and materials can contribute to the overall success of the School.

Hazard Communication Program

The Principal or his/her designee will provide information about chemical hazards and other hazardous substances and how to control those hazards in the Hazard Communication Program.

The Program includes the following objectives:

- 1. Container labeling;
- 2. Material Safety Data Sheets; and
- 3. Employee Information and Training.

The following program outlines how the School will accomplish these objectives.

Container Labeling

It is the policy of the School that no container of hazardous substances will be released for use until the following label information is verified:

- 1. Containers are clearly labeled as to the contents;
- 2. Appropriate hazard warnings are noted; and
- 3. The name and address of the manufacturer is listed.

The responsibility for label verification has been assigned to the Principal or his/her designee. To further ensure that employees are aware of the hazards of material used, it is the School's policy to label all secondary containers. The School shall not remove or deface existing labels on incoming containers of hazardous chemicals, unless the container is immediately marked with the required information.

The responsible staff shall ensure that all secondary containers are labeled with either an extra copy of the original manufacturer's label or with generic labels which have a block for identity and blocks for the hazard warning.

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

Copies of MSDS for all hazardous substances to which employees and students may be exposed are kept in each area where the substances are used as well as in a book in the School office. The Principal or his/her designee (Facilities Manager) will be responsible for obtaining and maintaining the data sheet system.

The Principal or his/her designee will review incoming MSDS for new and significant health/safety information. She/he will see that any new information is passed on to the employees.

MSDS will be reviewed for completeness by the Principal or his/her designee. If an MSDS is missing or obviously incomplete, a new MSDS will be requested from the manufacturer. MSDS will be available to all employees in their work area for review. If MSDS are not available or new hazardous substance(s) in use do not have MSDS, please contact the Principal or his/her designee immediately.

Staff Information and Training

Staff will attend a health and safety orientation set up by the Principal or his/her designee, for information and training on the following:

1. An overview of the requirements contained in the Hazard Communication Regulation, including their rights under the Regulation;

- 2. The details of the written Hazard Communication Program, including the location and availability of the Program, list of hazardous substances, and MSDS;
- 3. Information on the hazardous substances within the School;
- 4. Measures staff may take to lessen or prevent exposure to these hazardous substances through usage of control plans, work practices, emergency procedures, and personal protection equipment;
- 5. Methods and observations that the School may use to detect the presence of, and to lessen or prevent exposure to, these substances;
- 6. How to read labels and review MSDS to obtain appropriate hazard information.

When new hazardous substances are introduced, the Principal or his/her designee will call a meeting and distribute information related to the new material.

Hazardous Substances

Information on all hazardous substances within the School can be found in the MSDS book located in the School office.

Hazardous Non-Routine Tasks

Periodically, staff are required to perform hazardous non-routine tasks. Prior to starting work on such projects, each affected employee will be given information by the Principal or his/her designee, or the affected employee shall request such information, about hazards to which they may be exposed during such an activity.

This information will include:

- 1. Specific hazards:
- 2. Protective/safety measures which must be utilized;
- 3. Measures the School has taken to lessen the hazards including ventilation, respirators, presence of another employee and emergency procedures.

42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.; 29 CFR §1910.1200; OAC 3701-54; R.C. 4167 et seq.

Toxic Hazards and Asbestos Hazards

The School is concerned for the safety of the students and staff members and will comply with applicable Federal and State statutes and regulations to protect them from hazards that may result from industrial accidents beyond the control of School officials or from the presence of asbestos materials used in previous construction.

<u>Toxic Hazards</u>. These hazards exist in chemicals and other substances used in the school setting such as in laboratories, science classrooms, kitchens, and in the cleaning of rooms and equipment.

The Board appoints the Principal or his/her designee to serve as Toxic Hazard Preparedness (THP) Officer. The THP Officer will conduct a training program for all School employees to include such topics as detection of hazards, explanation of the health hazards to which they could be exposed in their work environment, and the School's written Hazard Communication Plan.

In fulfilling these responsibilities, the THP Officer may enlist the aid of county and municipal authorities and, if possible, the owners or operators of identified potential sources of toxic hazard.

<u>Asbestos Hazards.</u> In its efforts to comply with Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA), the School recognizes its responsibility to:

- 1. inspect School buildings owned by the School for the existence of asbestos or asbestos-containing materials;
- 2. take appropriate actions based on the inspections;
- 3. establish a program for dealing with friable asbestos, if found;
- 4. maintain a program of periodic surveillance and inspection of facilities or equipment containing asbestos; and
- 5. comply with EPA and State regulations governing the transportation and disposal of asbestos and asbestos-containing materials.

The Principal or his/her designee shall appoint a person to develop and implement the School's Asbestos Management Plan which will ensure proper compliance with Federal and State laws and the appropriate instruction of staff and students. At least once each school year, the School will notify parent, teacher, and employee organizations of the availability of the School's Asbestos Management Plan and any asbestos-related actions taken or planned in the School.

The School shall also ensure that, when conducting asbestos abatement projects, each contractor employed by the School agrees to comply with all applicable laws and regulations.

Nothing in this policy should be construed in any way as an assumption of liability by the School or by the Board for any death, injury, or illness that is the consequence of an accident or equipment failure or negligent or deliberate act beyond the control of the School, the Board or its officers and staff or employees.

20 U.S.C. 4011 et seq.; 15 U.S.C. 2641 et seq.; 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.; 40 CFR 763.93; R.C. 4167.01 et seq.

OSHA/Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan

Exposure Control Plan

The Principal or his/her designee shall develop and implement an Exposure Control Plan to minimize or eliminate occupational exposure to bloodborne pathogens in accordance with the OSHA Bloodborne Pathogens Standard, 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030, and the Ohio Employment Risk Reduction Standards as amended. Universal precautions shall be observed to prevent contact with blood, bloody body fluids, or other potentially infectious materials. If differentiation between types of body fluids is difficult or impossible, the body fluids shall be considered potentially infectious materials.

The Exposure Control Plan must be readily available to all employees and their representatives._Personnel within each job category listed in the Exposure Control Plan shall be trained annually in and will be responsible for practicing the procedures outlined in the Exposure Control Plan in the event of exposure to bloody body fluids. Training for staff provided at no cost and during workings hours. The Principal or his/her designee shall document the date, attendance and contents of each training session which shall be retained for three (3) years.

Annual Review and Update

The Principal or his/her designee shall review and update the Exposure Control Plan at least annually and whenever necessary to reflect new or modified tasks and procedures that affect occupational exposure and to reflect new or revised employee positions with occupational exposure. Such review must take into account technological developments that reduce the risk of exposure to bloodborne pathogens.

The Principal or his/her designee must annually document consideration and implementation of appropriate commercially available and effective safer medical devices designed to eliminate or minimize occupational exposure. The Principal or his/her designee must also solicit input from non-managerial employees responsible for student care who are potentially exposed to injuries from contaminated sharps in the identification, evaluation, and selection of effective work practice controls, and such solicitation must be documented in the Exposure Control Plan.

29 CFR 1910.1030

Prevention of Lead Poisoning

Exposures to lead in doses much smaller than previously thought represent a definable risk to children's health and their ability to learn.

The School will attempt to control the use and maintenance of lead-bearing building products and avoid the use of any educational or maintenance procedures or products which may create lead exposures.

The School assures that a parent or guardian outreach program will be implemented to properly communicate information regarding risks from lead and other heavy metals in an attempt to help prevent exposures.

R.C. Chapter 3742.

School Emergency Management Plan

The Principal or his/her designee with supervisory authority shall examine the environmental conditions and operations of each School building under his or her supervision to determine potential hazards to student and staff safety, and shall propose operating changes to prevent dangerous circumstances and develop and adopt a comprehensive school emergency management plan to respond to such hazards ("EMP"). The EMP shall consist of four parts: (i) the emergency operations plan; (ii) a floor plan that is unique to each floor of the School's building; (iii) a site plan that includes all building property and surrounding property, and (iv) an emergency contact information sheet. The Principal shall consult with community law enforcement and safety officials, parents, and School employees when developing the EMP, and shall list the name, title (if applicable), contact information and signature of all participating parties in the final EMP.

Emergency Operations Plan

The emergency operations plan shall be contained in a single document designed to address and respond to all-hazards that may negatively impact the School, at minimum including the following events: an active shooter event; a hostage situation; a bomb threat; an act of terrorism; bullying; and any other natural or manmade hazards that the Principal or his/her designee knows of or should reasonably anticipate occurring that could compromise the health or safety of students, employees, administrators or property based on the results of a hazard identification and risk analysis for the School. The hazard and risk analysis shall also be included with the emergency operation plan.

The emergency operations plan shall be an all-hazards plan in compliance with the National Incident Management System ("NIMS") and plan operations shall be organized around five mission areas. These include:

- 1. Prevention: meaning the capabilities needed to deter, stop or avoid an imminent crime, threat or actual mass casualty event;
- 2. Protection: defined as the capabilities to secure the School against manmade and natural disasters, acts of violence, or other ongoing hazards;
- 3. Mitigation: meaning the capabilities needed to eliminate or reduce property damage, injury or loss of life by minimizing the impact of an emergency event and decreasing the likelihood of hazardous events;
- 4. Response: means the capabilities necessary to stabilize an emergency once it has already happened or is certain to occur in an unpreventable way by establishing a safe and secure environment in order to save lives and property; and
- 5. Recovery: meaning the capabilities necessary to restore a learning environment after an emergency situation.

Each protocol shall include procedures deemed appropriate by the Principal or his/her designee with supervisory authority for responding to threats and emergency events, respectively, including procedures for the notification of appropriate law enforcement personnel, calling upon specified emergency response personnel for assistance, and informing parents of affected students. When approved by the Ohio Building Code and noted in the School's certificate of occupancy, the emergency operations plan may also include the use of temporary door locking devices to prevent ingress and egress in emergency situations or during active shooter drills.

The emergency operations plan shall incorporate education procedures, including procedures that involve the use of training drills, to instruct students, staff and administrators on methods to avoid, deter, or stop an imminent crime or safety issue.

Prior to the opening day of each School year or upon initial enrollment, whichever is later, the Principal or his/her designee with supervisory authority shall inform each student enrolled in the School and the student's parent of the parental notification procedures included in the EMP.

EMP Test

The Principal or his/her designee with supervisory authority shall prepare and conduct at least one annual emergency management test, defined as a regularly scheduled drill, exercise, or activity that is designed to assess and evaluate an emergency management plan. The emergency management test shall be either:

- 1. A tabletop exercise held in an informal setting to discuss of various issues regarding a hypothetical, simulated emergency;
- 2. A functional exercise conducted in a realistic, real-time environment designed to validate and evaluate the School's emergency capabilities by exercising plans, policies, and procedures through a projected exercise scenario with event updates that drive activity at the management level; or
- 3. A full-scale exercise involving multiple agencies, organizations, and jurisdictions in order to test and validate the School's many facets of preparedness.

Each exercise type shall be used at least once every 3 years, and shall assess at least one hazard identified in the School's hazard and risk analysis. At least one representative from the local law enforcement agency, fire department, emergency medical services agency or behavioral health entities shall be invited to participate in or observe the emergency management test; however, actual observation or participation by any outside entities shall not be required. Students shall not be included in emergency management tests unless the School has received parental consent, and it is determined by the Principal or his/her designee that the student's participation would be beneficial to the School and would be appropriate given the student's age and understanding of the test's purpose.

The Principal or his/her designee with supervisory authority shall submit an after action report documenting the emergency management test to the Ohio Department of Education <u>no later than thirty (30) days after the test is completed</u>.

The School shall also conduct routine safety drills, including at least one (1) theoretical drill, to provide students and staff with instruction on securing in the building or rapidly evacuating in response to a threat to the School involving an act of terrorism a person possessing a deadly weapon, or another act of violence requiring an immediate response.

The EMP shall be submitted electronically using the standardized forms developed by the Department of Education. The Principal or his/her designee with supervisory authority shall review the EMP annually by July 1 and certify to the Department of Education that the plan is current and accurate. The EMP shall be updated and revised at least every three (3) years from the previous date of compliance. The Principal or his/her designee with supervisory authority must also submit an updated electronic copy of the EMP to the Department of Education whenever a major modification to the School building necessitates changes in the EMP's procedures or whenever the emergency contact information changes. Updated copies are due to the Department within ten (10) days of the adoption of any changes to the EMP. A copy of the EMP shall also be filed with each law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over the School building(s). Upon request,

the EMP will be filed with the fire department and emergency medical service organization serving the political subdivision or county, respectively, in which the building is located.

The Principal or his/her designee with supervisory authority shall keep copies of this EMP in a secure place. Copies of the EMP and information pertaining to the School's safety protocols are not public records and shall be exempt from public disclosure or release in accordance with the Ohio Public Records Act.

The School will grant access to School buildings so that law enforcement personnel, the fire department for the political subdivision, emergency medical service organizations for the political subdivision, and emergency management agencies for the county in which the building is situated may hold emergency response training sessions. The training sessions must occur outside of student instructional hours, and the Principal or a designee of the School must be present during the sessions.

R.C. 3737.73(D);3313.536; R.C. 3314.03(A)(11)(d); O.A.C. 3301-5-01.

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School Health and Safety Inspections

School inspections, designed to identify conditions within the School and School building that may be injurious to the safety or health of building occupants, will be conducted at least semiannually by the local board of health, according to standards set by the local board of health.

If the local board of health serves an order upon the School to abate nuisances or correct conditions detrimental to health or well-being which are found upon School property, the person responsible for upkeep of the property shall abate the nuisance or condition within such reasonable fixed time as is set by the local board of health.

The School shall periodically review its policies and procedures to ensure the safety of students, employees, and other persons using the School building from any known hazards in the building or on building grounds that, in the judgment of the School, pose an immediate risk to health or safety. The School shall further ensure that its policies comply with all federal laws and regulations regarding health and safety applicable to school buildings.

The School shall at all times have in place a Chemical Hygiene Plan and an Asbestos Management Plan in accordance with federal law.

R.C. 3313.86, 3707.03, 3707.26, 29 CFR 1910.1450, 15 USC 2651 et seq.

Prior Notification of Pesticide Application

Faculty, staff, and parents of students may request and receive prior notifications of scheduled pesticide applications that occur on or in the classroom buildings of the School when School is in session that involve one or more of the following products:

- Manufactured paste or gel baits;
- Paraffin-based rodent control products placed in industry-identified tamper-resistant bait stations;
- Termite-baiting stations;
- Rodenticides which are placed in wall voids or other areas that are inaccessible to humans and domestic animals; or
- Dusts used in unoccupied areas of the structure.

The method of notification may include regular mail, email, or listsery, as determined by the Principal.

If special circumstances arise that prevent prior notification from being provided as required, such as emergency application of pesticides to control organisms that pose an immediate health threat, the School shall provide notice as soon as possible. The notice shall explain the reasons why advance notice was not provided.

The Principal shall serve as contact person for pesticide applications made at the School. The School shall maintain the following records for inspection during normal school hours by parents or guardians of minor children, adult students, faculty, and staff who are enrolled or employed at the School, or the Department of Agriculture:

- 1. For a pesticide application described in this policy or any other application for either the longer of four hours or the minimum time specified by the label of the pesticide applied prior to the beginning of the school day; at a time after the school day has concluded; or when school is not in session under the calendar established by the local school board:
 - Date and time that the pesticide was applied;
 - Treatment area;
 - Target pests;
 - Brand name and EPA registration number of the pesticide applied; and
 - The time or conditions for re-entering the treatment area as specified by the label of the pesticide applied, if any is specified.

The School will retain such records for a period of one year following the date of application.

2. Documentation that the School provided notifications requested by faculty, staff, and parents of students under this policy.

O.A.C. 901:5-11-15

Food Services

All students will remain at school for lunch and will not be allowed to leave the School or any recreation areas or common areas without permission, or, if the School authorizes leaving the School for lunch, all students shall follow the School's procedures and rules. Supervision of student activity in the lunchroom, recreation or common areas shall be the responsibility of the teacher or staff member in charge who may delegate this authority to others.

Any food service program provided or contracted for by the Board shall comply with Federal and State regulations pertaining to the counting, menus, selection, preparation, consumption, and disposal of food and beverages as well as to the fiscal management of the program. The contracted food service program shall be responsible for the planning as well as for the dietary and nutritional requirements of the meals served.

No person shall be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subject to physical segregation or other discrimination under any program or activity for which the School receives federal financial assistance for food and nutrition services on the bases of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, gender identity, or income. No student shall be denied access to meals or milk as a disciplinary action, either directly or indirectly.

Students eligible for free or reduced-price meals shall not be identified by the School through the use of separate cafeteria entrances, separate meal service lines, or use of any other method likely to result in the identification of such students. The names of students eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals or free milk shall not be published, posted, or announced under any circumstances. Meals served to students eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals shall be the same meals as those served to students paying full price. Under no circumstance shall an eligible student be required to work for his or her meal.

Governmental regulations do not permit serving meals at the student price to staff or other adults.

If the School is a food service operator, then it is required to post a sign at all hand washing sinks used by food employees notifying them to wash their hands.

The Principal or his/her designee shall submit a public release each school year informing the general public that the School participates in federal food service programs and providing information about free and reduced price meals. The School is not obligated to pay to publish the release, but the Principal or his/her designee must submit the release for publication to the media and to organizations in the School's geographic area that reach minority or under-represented groups, such as libraries, food pantries, and community action program agencies. The School must document the dates and locations of all media release submissions, including unsuccessful publication attempts.

Any school publication, including the School's website, that refers to any federal food service program or to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) must include the following statement:

"In accordance with Federal civil rights law and the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, sex, disability, age, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA.

Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g. Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the Agency (State or local) where they applied for benefits. Individuals who are deaf, hard of

hearing, or have speech disabilities may contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English.

To file a program complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, (AD-3027) found online at: http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html, or at any USDA office, or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by:

- (1) mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20250-9410;
- (2) fax: (202) 690-7742; or
- (3) email: program.intake@usda.gov.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider."

If the publication material is too small to permit the full statement to be included, the material will, at a minimum, include the following condensed statement, in print size no smaller than the text: "USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer."

The School shall prominently display the USDA "And Justice for All" poster in a location accessible to food service program participants. The poster must be 11" by 17." The Principal or his/her designee may obtain copies of the poster by contacting the USDA Midwest Regional Office at 77 West Jackson Boulevard, 20th Floor, Chicago, Illinois 60604-3057, or by calling (312) 353-6557.

R.C. 3717.42; OAC 3717-1-06.2(E)

Unpaid Meal Charges

The School believes that all students should have access to healthy school lunches and wishes to minimize identification of students with insufficient funds, but recognizes the need to protect the financial stability of the school nutrition program. The School, as a school food authority, has established the following procedures, which will be implemented beginning in the 2017-2018 school year, (a) to handle situations in which a student eligible for reduced-price or full-price meal benefits has insufficient funds to pay for school meals, and (b) to collect unpaid meal charges and delinquent account debt.

Parents and students shall continue to comply with any and all School requests and procedures regarding pre-selection of meals, if applicable.

Unpaid Meal Charge

Students who qualify for free meals will not be denied a reimbursable meal even if they have previously accrued a negative balance. However, in these circumstances, students may be prohibited from purchasing a la carte or extra items. Students with unpaid meal charge debt who attend School with money to pay for a reduced-price or full-price meal at the time of that meal's service must be provided a meal, even if that student has accrued a negative balance. The School will not use the money intended to purchase a day's meal for repayment of a negative balance or other unpaid meal charge debt.

If a student does not have funds to pay for a reduced-price or full price meal at the time of that meal's service, the student [check one]:

□ 1.	may charge the meal to the student's meal account, if meals are available. The student may charge up to meal(s) or \$ Students who charge a meal will receive a reimbursable meal. However, the School may limit the entrée choice to a less expensive option.
□ 2.	may charge an alternative meal to the student's meal account, if alternative meals are available. The alternative meal items must be priced individually, meet Smart Snacks requirements, and accommodate special dietary needs. The student may charge up to \$
□ 3.	may receive an alternative meal from the School at no cost to the student, if alternative meals are available. This meal does not need to meet Smart Snacks requirements, but must accommodate special dietary needs. The meal cost must be funded from a non-federal source.
□ 4.	may not charge a meal to the student's meal account and will not receive a meal that day.
notificatio non-payme	ol will notify the parent in writing if a student's meal account falls below \$ This is n will include the amount of any low or negative balance, expected payment date, consequences of ent, and information regarding where families can find assistance with applying for free and riced meals.

Collection of Delinguent or Bad Debt

The School shall consider debt delinquent and shall request payment ten (10) school days after the date in which the School provides parental notice of a student's negative account balance. The Principal or his/her designee will work directly with households to collect any delinquent meal charge debt and shall be responsible for managing charges and delinquent debt owed to the School. At the Principal's or his/her designee's discretion, the School may establish repayment plans for the collection of debt. Delinquent debt and repayment plans may carry over to the next school year.

If the Principal or his/her designee determines that delinquent debt is uncollectible at the end of the school year, the debt will be considered "bad debt." Bad debt may not be carried over to the next school year. Bad debt must be restored to the School and Nutrition Program from the general fund prior to the end of the same fiscal year. Bad debt may not be recovered using federal funds.

Notification

The School will communicate this policy in writing to all students and households at the beginning of each school year and upon a change in a student's eligibility for meal benefits. Forms and information regarding free or reduced price lunch shall be available at the School office, and the Principal or his/her designee shall be available to answer questions regarding the meal program and any unpaid meal charge debt. The School shall not disclose the identities of students eligible for free or reduced-priced meals except to those individuals who require that information to carry out an activity authorized by the National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 1751.

Community Eligibility Provision

Notwithstanding the above, if the Schools is a Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) provider, the School shall provide reimbursable meals for breakfast and lunch to all students free of charge.

Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 1751.

Return of Unused Food Service Funds

At the end of each academic year, or upon the withdrawal of any student, the School will reconcile the amount of money paid by parents for food services with the actual number of meals purchased by students. If, at that time, it is determined that a parent has paid for more meals than were actually purchased by the student, the School will attempt to contact parents to determine the return of funds. Parents must elect in writing to do one of the following upon notice that unused funds remain in a student's account:

- 1. Carry over remaining funds to be credited towards student's account for the purchase of meals during the next school year;
- 2. Request reimbursement of any remaining funds; or
- 3. Donate the remaining funds to the School to cover the unpaid meal charges of other students that were uncollectable.

Parents must make this election within 90 days of the date of notice from the School, after which time the School will first attempt to credit the funds to the student's account for the purchase of meals during the next school year, or, if this is not possible, the School will assume the remaining funds to have been donated to the School. If the School is a tax exempt entity, the School will issue a receipt acknowledging the parent's donation and will treat the funds in the same manner as all other donations.

Notwithstanding the above, households approved for free- or reduced-price meals shall be reimbursed for any unused funds remaining in a student account at the end of the academic year or at such time as the student is no longer enrolled in the School.

Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 1751.

Free and Reduced-Price Meals

The School recognizes the importance of good nutrition to each student's educational performance.

The School shall provide eligible needy students with breakfast and/or lunch at a reduced rate or no charge to the student. Children eligible for free and reduced-price meals shall be determined by the criteria established by the Child Nutrition Program and National School Lunch Act. These criteria are issued annually by the Federal government through the State Department of Education.

The Board designates the Principal or his/her designee as the responsible party to determine the eligibility of students for free and reduced rate meals. Eligibility determinations may be appealed to the Principal or his/her designee at a formal hearing held pursuant to any applicable federal and state hearing procedures.

The School shall not overtly identify children receiving free and reduced price meals. No person shall be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subject to physical segregation or other discrimination under any program or activity for which the School receives federal financial assistance for food and nutrition services on the bases of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, gender identity, or income.

The School shall annually notify all interested persons of the availability, eligibility requirements, and application procedure for free and reduced rate meals by distributing an application to the family of each student enrolled in the School.

The Principal or his/her designee shall prepare and implement the necessary arrangements and guidelines to ensure proper operation of this program. She/he shall ensure that the appropriate policy attachments for Free and Reduced-Price Meals or Free Milk are properly completed and submitted for approval to the School Food Service Division of the Ohio Department of Education by the beginning of each School year.

42 USC 1751; 7 C.F.R. 245.

Handwashing Policy

Handwashing and personal hygiene are important measures for use to prevent illness and communicable disease. Handwashing with soap and warm water for a minimum of ten (10) seconds, paying close attention to the surfaces between the fingers and on the back of the hands, is best for removing dirt and germs. The proper use of hand sanitizers is also useful in controlling the spread of germs.

School Food Authorities

- 1. Train any individual who prepares or serves food on proper handwashing. Training may include viewing a handwashing video and demonstrating proper handwashing procedure.
- 2. Post handwashing signs or posters in a language understood by all school food authorities near all handwashing sinks, in food preparation areas, and restrooms.
- 3. Use designated handwashing sinks for hand washing only. Do not use food preparation, utility, and dishwashing sinks for handwashing.
- 4. Provide warm running water, soap, and a means to dry hands. Provide a waste container at each handwashing sink or near the door in restrooms.
- 5. Keep handwashing sinks accessible anytime employees are present.
- 6. Wash hands:
 - Before starting work
 - During food preparation
 - When moving from one food preparation area to another
 - Before putting on or changing gloves
 - After using the toilet
 - After sneezing, coughing, or using a handkerchief or tissue
 - After touching hair, face, or body
 - After smoking, eating, drinking, or chewing gum or tobacco
 - After handling raw meats, poultry, or fish
 - After any clean up activity such as sweeping, mopping, or wiping counters
 - After touching dirty dishes, equipment, or utensils
 - After handling trash
 - After handling money
 - After any time the hands may become contaminated
- 7. Follow proper handwashing procedures as indicated below:
 - Wet hands and forearms with warm, running water (at least 100° F) and apply soap.
 - Scrub lathered hands and forearms, under fingernails and between fingers for at least 10-15 seconds. Rinse thoroughly under warm running water for 5-20 seconds.
 - Dry hands and forearms thoroughly with single-use paper towels.
 - Dry hands for at least 30 seconds if using a warm air hand dryer.
 - Turn off water using paper towels.
 - Use paper towel to open door when exiting the restroom.
- 8. Follow FDA recommendations when using hand sanitizers. These recommendations are as follows:

- Use hand sanitizers only after hands have been properly washed and dried.
- Use only hand sanitizers that are permitted for such use by an effective Food Contact Substance Notification.
- Use hand sanitizers in the manner specified by the manufacturer.

Monitoring:

The Principal may designate an employee or an independent contractor/food service provider to visually observe the handwashing practices of the food school authorities at any random time during hours of operation. In addition, the designated person will visually observe that handwashing sinks are properly supplied during hours of operation.

Corrective Action:

Employees or food service contractors who are observed not washing their hands at the appropriate times or using the proper procedure will be asked to wash their hands immediately.

When soap and water are not available and hands are not visibly soiled, waterless disposable hand wipes or gel sanitizers may be used in place of hand washing.

A food service employee or contractor may be disciplined, up to and including termination for failure to adhere to this Policy.

Illness Exposure Management of Food Service Employees

OAC 3717-1-02 1

All current food service employee, or potential employee to whom a job offer has been made, shall report any known or suspected illnesses that are transmissible through food. Reports must be made to the food service supervisor or the Principal or his or her designee prior to beginning the preparation or service of food.

Employees and potential employees shall be temporarily restricted from food service duties or excluded from the School if the individual experiences any of the following:

- 1. Vomiting, diarrhea, jaundice, sore throat with fever, or open and draining wounds, unless the wound is covered by appropriate and/or impermeable covering;
- 2. Is diagnosed by a health care provider with an illness due to campylobacter, cryptosporidium, cyclospora, entamoeba histolytica, enterohemorrhagic or shiga toxin producing E. Coli, giardia, hepatitis A, norovirus, salmonella spp., salmonella typhi, shigella, vibrio cholerae, or yersinia ("Reportable Illnesses"); or
- 3. Was exposed to an outbreak of any of the Reportable Illnesses, or works or resides in the same household as an individual who is known to have been exposed to or diagnosed with a Reportable Illness.

Employees and potential employees may be permitted to return to food service duties when the individual is no longer symptomatic, or when the individual presents evidence from a health care provider or the Ohio Department of Health that he or she does not pose a threat to public health.

Compliance with this policy is mandatory and failure to abide by this policy may subject an employee or potential employee to discipline, up to and including discharge.

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I have read and understand the above stated expectation		
Signature:	Date:	_
Employee Name:		

Food Standards Policy

The Board shall create standards for the types of food and beverages sold or provided in the School and the time and place each type of food and beverage is sold or provided, in accordance with state law and based on the following guidelines:

- A. The types of food and beverages sold in the School will
 - 1. promote student health and reduce childhood obesity,
 - 2. significantly benefit the daily nutritional needs of students (per U.S. Department of Agriculture guidelines),
 - 3. align with School Wellness Policy requirements, and
 - 4. follow requirements provided under state and federal law.
- B. The Board or its designee shall consult with a licensed dietician, a registered dietetic technician or a certified/credentialed school nutrition specialist to assist in drafting a plan:
 - 1. for complying with and enforcing the nutritional standards governing the types of food and beverages that may be sold on the School premises in compliance with State law; and
 - 2. specifying the time and place each type of food or beverage may be sold.
- C. The times and locations of food and beverage sales to students on school grounds will be assigned based on nutrient intake needs and eating patterns of students and align with class schedules. With regard to non-breakfast/lunch food and beverage sales:
 - 1. The School will not operate vending machines offering foods or beverages that do not meet the nutritional standards established by the School during the school lunch period. The Board reserves the right to totally restrict the sale of non-nutritional foods and beverages in vending machines.
 - 2. Bake sales and other school fundraising activities involving food and beverage items may not be held during a school meal period. The School will limit the frequency of bake sales and other food based fundraisers where non-nutritional foods and beverages will be sold based on the standard established by the Department of Education.
- D. The types of food and beverages provided, but not sold, to students will align with the School Wellness Program and any applicable requirements provided under state law. The Board may provide parents with a list of acceptable snacks that may be provided in the School.
- E. Annually, the food services supervisor shall review and report the School's compliance with these standards to the Board and to the Ohio Department of Education. The Board may establish separate standards regulating the types of food and beverages to be sold to Staff Members and for special or extracurricular events.

This policy applies to the sale or provision of foods from the midnight before the school day until 30 minutes after the end of the regular school day on school premises. School premises, for the purpose of this policy, include any areas of property under the School's jurisdiction that is accessible to students during the regular school day.

7 C.F.R. 210.10-210.11; 7 C.F.R. 210.31(c)(2)-(3); 7 C.F.R. 220.8; R.C. 3313.814; R.C. 3313.816; R.C. 3313.817; OAC 3301-91-09; USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition guidelines.